

<p style="text-align: center;">OPTION INTERNATIONALE DU BACCALAURÉAT SESSION 2022</p>
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SECTION : AMÉRICAINE

ÉPREUVE : HISTOIRE-GÉOGRAPHIE

DURÉE TOTALE : 4 HEURES

Le candidat a le choix entre deux sujets **A et B** qu'il doit traiter, selon son choix, dans leur totalité.

Pour l'un des sujets, dans la première sous-partie, le candidat rédige un sujet de composition en histoire parmi deux propositions au choix et dans la seconde sous-partie, il traite un exercice de géographie à partir de document(s).

Pour l'autre sujet, dans la première sous-partie, le candidat rédige une composition en géographie parmi deux propositions au choix et dans la seconde sous-partie, il traite un exercice d'histoire à partir de document(s).

Chacune des deux disciplines compte pour la moitié des points dans la note finale.

L'usage de la calculatrice et des dictionnaires est interdit.

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SUJET A

Le candidat devra traiter l'**UNE** des deux compositions
et faire l'**exercice – étude critique de document(s)**.

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GEOGRAPHY ESSAY AND HISTORY DOCUMENT-BASED QUESTION

PART ONE:

GEOGRAPHY ESSAY 1

Explain how the EU policies contribute to integrate its territories in globalization

GEOGRAPHY ESSAY 2

Using the US and other examples of your choice, explain how territorial dynamics influence a country's integration into globalization.

Document 2: "Away with Private Peasants!" The liquidation of the Kulaks as a class



КУЛАКИ САМЫЕ ЗВЕРСКИЕ,
САМЫЕ ГРУБЫЕ, САМЫЕ ДИ-
КИЕ, ЭКСПЛОАТАТОРЫ, НЕ
РАЗ ВОССТАНАВЛИВАВШИЕ
В ИСТОРИИ ДРУГИХ СТРАН
ВЛАСТЬ ПОМЕЩИКОВ, ЦАРЕЙ,
ПОПОВ И КАПИТАЛИСТОВ.
ЛЕНИН.

ДОЛОН
КУЛАКА ИЗ
КОЛХОЗА

The text on the right corner: "«Kulaks are the most ferocious, brutal and savage exploiters: they have already reestablished, in the history of other countries, the power of landowners, kings, priests and capitalists» Lenin”

Source: <https://www.flickr.com/photos/lselibrary/3273571261> Soviet Propaganda Posters, from the LSE Library (British Library of Political and Economic Science). Reference coll misc 0660/2/1. This work was originally published anonymously in 1930 in Russia.

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SUJET B

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HISTORY ESSAY AND GEOGRAPHY DOCUMENT-BASED QUESTION

PART ONE:

HISTORY ESSAY 1

How successful were the various equal rights movement in the US in achieving their goals in the decades following WWII?

HISTORY ESSAY 2

To what extent did decolonization challenge the bipolar world from 1948 to the 1970's?

PART TWO:

GEOGRAPHY DOCUMENT BASED QUESTION

Using the document and your own knowledge, answer the question: to what extent do maritime spaces contribute to the global power of France and the United States? Discuss the value and limitations of the documents in your essay.

GEOGRAPHY DOCUMENT

Document 1 : Competition in the Pacific

...Europe is speckled with fading former imperial powers. But France has clung more than most to its past as a great power, still seeing itself as having global interests partly because of territorial possessions in the Indo-Pacific and the Caribbean.

...The United States, Britain and Australia kept France in the dark as they secretly negotiated an agreement to provide Australia with nuclear-powered submarines, blowing up an earlier deal between France and Australia and wiping away with one stroke what the French saw as a framework to project power in the Pacific for decades to come.

...In 2016, France struck a \$66 billion deal to provide Australia with a dozen conventional attack submarines. The 50-year contract was supposed to be the foundation of a European strategy in response to China's rise in the Pacific region.

As the only European nation with territories and a military presence in the region, France was Europe's leading voice for a China strategy less muscular than what the United States and some Asian powers have come to espouse.

..."We need a French policy in the Pacific because we have commercial, economic and territorial interests there, but the means we have now don't allow us to be a credible alternative to the United States in facing China," said Arnaud Danjean, a French member of the European Parliament, and a former defense official and diplomat.

...With 5,000 to 7,000 soldiers in the Pacific region, 20 to 40 military aircraft and seven naval ships, France is the only European nation with genuine military strength in the region. The French air force has also carried out exercises deploying Rafale fighters from France halfway across the world to the Pacific as a show of strength, Mr. Decis said.

France also has a seat on the U.N. Security Council, giving it a measure of hard power around the world. But for the great power that France once was, it's sometimes just not enough. [...]

Source: Excerpts from Norimitsu Onishi, "An Uncomfortable Question in France: Are We Still a Great Power?", *The New York Times* (23 Sept. 2021)

<https://www.nytimes.com/2021/09/23/world/europe/france-submarine-deal-australia.html>
[accessed Nov. 2021]

Document 2 : Activity of French companies in the Arctic

Several French companies operate in the Arctic such as the cruise line operator Ponant, or Total which owns 20% of Yamal LNG and 10% of the Arctic LNG 2 project, two major liquefied gas plants in northern Siberia.



Source: *France and the new strategic challenges in the Arctic*, French Ministry for the Armed Forces (2019). Accessible from this page: <https://www.defense.gouv.fr/dgris/action-internationale/enjeux-regionaux/l-arctique> [accessed Nov. 2021]